THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 3. VOL. 8.] NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868. [PRICE 6d. or 12 cts.

A REMARKABLE DIALOGUE.

(*Conclusion.*)

Anglicus—We'll just leave the question of two Governors out, if you please, because it is pretty certain from Bulwer's speech that one Governor will rule both Colonies. But to your first part, why we should not be annexed at once? 1st. That we have something to lose. 2d. The gain by amalgamation is doubtful. We should lose our free institutions and come under a despotism.

Americus—Free institutions! sounds like "great cry and little wool." What powers do your free institutions give you? the control of a few thousand pounds now, and heretofore of a few thousand cents. The power of making laws, which hitherto have been put under the table and smothered. Your free institutions are certainly great, that you should be so loath to part with them; and as to coming under a despotism why it would not be much greater than at the present moment.

Anglicus—I am surprised to hear an American speak of free institutions so slightingly, particularly when your own House of Representatives possess really but little more power. Our Legislature is but in its infancy; the acorn and the oak are two very different looking things, yet the one is the germ of the other. Besides having the positive power of raising taxes and making laws, we have also the negative power of preventing evil; that is to say that taxes cannot be raised without the consent of the people, nor import duties imposed, and in case of mal-administration the people's representatives have the power of inquiring thereinto. As to our laboring under a despotism, that is all moonshine; at all events it is not felt and therefore cannot be very bad. Yes, sir, having tasted of the sweets of our free institutions, we do not like to throw them away without some equivalent; we may not get them again very quickly.

Americus—I did not mean to hurt your feelings, but you know our freedom is more or less humbug, I would not say this in California, but I don't mind it here where there is no one to overhear us. But what do you mean by the gain by amalgamation being doubtful?

Anglicus—Why I simply mean this, that if Vancouver Island by annexation is only to be a port of entry, the Seat of Government to be removed elsewhere and ports of delivery established at other points, it is not worth while throwing away our advantages and come under a despotism; moreover, by annexation we take upon ourselves the full share of the burden of the new Colony, which very probably will incur a great debt.

Americus—This port of entry business seems to occupy your entire mind; there must be ports of entry and delivery elsewhere, but upon my word I don't know where, this can be or what ships would go to them. Look at the dangers of navigating the Canal de Haro; look at the difficulty of getting into Fraser's river; look at the rapid current and all that sort of thing.

Anglicus—Ah! I see you are somewhat in the dark, as I was some time ago; most of these difficulties have now vanished, a new channel has been found leading into Fraser river, it is very nearly a straight line and tolerably broad, and what is worse than all, there is fifteen feet of water in it at low water, almost as much as there is at Victoria at high water; as to the other difficulties of Canal de Haro, &c., why a tug-boat will soon overcome them; the distance from Victoria to Fraser river being only about sixty miles—a distance less than vessels are towed on the Thames, but the difficulties themselves will be nothing for steamboats, particularly when the channel is buoyed, as it soon will be.

Americus—Well, that only strengthens my position that there will be other ports of entry. [*Aside.* I hope there will be, and America will then do all the trade.]

Anglicus—Agreed; and, therfore, all steamboats, sailing vessels, &c., will pass by Victoria, and then where is the advantage of amalgamation?

Americus—But what could you do without annexation?

Anglicus—I presume you will allow that Customs dues will be imposed upon all merchandise imported into British Columbia, and that British ships will possess advantages over foreign?

Americus—It is so at present, probably will be continued, and may be increased.

Anglicus—Well, then Victoria should remain a free port. There should not be any impost duties, and no restrictions upon commerce. Then this would become an *entrepot* for merchandise, and merchants would rather send their goods here than pay the Customs dues of Columbia, and the increased rate of insurance from here to the river. Many ships will take advantage of our harbors, because, say what we will, the navigation of the Canal de Haro and entrance to Fraser River must be more or less dangerous, particularly at certain seasons of the year, when the river is frozen over, notwithstanding the new channel, which is six miles long, and the advantage of buoying, &c. We should then have a trade, not only with the gold region, but also with the American Continent, particularly if British goods were in abundance here. Add to this the great probability of a naval station at Esquimalt, which would cause the mail to arrive here. Our coal, too, is of great importance. In fact, as nature has denied us gold, we would rely upon our own resources, and they are great, though our growth would not be very rapid it would be more permanent, more healthy and more solid. The more British Columbia rose, the more we should prosper; and the greater the success of the diggings, the greater our advantage; and we have also a negative good, viz.: not requiring any Customs officers; and the expense of Government would be comparatively small.

Americus—Confound it! you would almost make me believe now that it is an advantage to be left out of the Bill, because you have a choice now of annexation or not; whereas had you been merged in the particularly mild despotism of Columbia, import duties would have been imposed and the ports of entry might be removed, and in my opinion they would whether you liked it or not; whereas now you can ask for what you want first and if not granted refuse to be amalgamated.

Anglicus—Ah, my friend I am glad to see you look at it in that light; I hope that when our Legislature petitions, if they petition at all, they will ask terms first, and annexation afterwards. If they gain what is wanted let us be annexed; if not let us be free.

Americus—But is it not a piece of presumption to state the terms? You are petitioners.

Anglicus—Certainly not. But there is no need of hurry in the matter. Bulwer says "we may be annexed upon terms." Let us wait therefore for official information as to what the terms may be, and I presume the Governor will declare the same publicly before long; if not, we will ask him.

Americus—Now I see *why* you consider your free institutions so important, and *why* you shirked amalgamation; but now, what is your opinion as to the terms?

Anglicus—Well, I have thought of that too, I would say *Aut Cæsar aut nullus*, continue to us our Legislature but only for the affairs of the Island: continue this *the port of entry and delivery* for at least three years: make all the traffic from here to British Columbia coasting trade, and you may annex us.

Americus—I think there is a great objection to keeping this the port of entry for three years, viz: that your town will be a forced town, based upon a three years monopoly, and when that period expires, there will be a season of collapse.

Anglicus—I think not. Everybody would know the terms, and take great care not to be heedless; but at the end of three years I would hope that Victoria would have become so well fixed, and the coasting trade so well developed and established, that it would be found advantageous to the country generally to allow it to remain in *statu quo* and no more ports of entry or delivery be required, except, perchance one may be required in the far north, to which vessels would proceed by the outside of the Island.

Americus—I can't agree with you, [*aside*—I want the carrying trade for my own country] because ultimately, I believe Victoria must be reduced to a port of entry, and therefore better at once than hereafter. I think you must ultimately be united—union is strength—and two colonies whose interests are identical being in opposition, will cause detriment to both; and therefore I think you ought to be annexed at once, and trust to your own efforts for success hereafter. If your present Governor becomes Governor of both, he will surely favor Victoria, the child of his rearing, and not allow her to suffer, for it was under his auspices that Victoria arose, and the causes of her success were his measures. She has therefore a great claim upon his attention, for if she fall it will be his measures also that destroy her.

Anglicus—Rather than have Victoria reduced to *a* port, or even *the* port of entry, I would adhere to my terms. They are just, and if they are granted, Vancouver Island will flourish and British Columbia suffer no detriment—Vancouver Island becoming an integral portion of that Colony. The coasting trade would rise and prosper and British interests and British institutions be in the ascendant; but if they are not granted, let us be free. We then need ask no favors, bend to no one, and have the satisfaction of having refused to sell our birthright for a mess of pottage; but when British Columbia gains institutions free as our own, then let us unite upon terms, and hand in hand, heart with heart, march onward in the cause of civilization, rescue the wilds from their bondage, and spread learning, peace, plenty, and love in parts now untrodden save by the savage beast, and almost equally savage man.

Americus—I see we cannot agree; but may difference of opinion never grow into dissention between our countries; and now, with many thanks for your information, adieu.

New Advertisements.

TO LEASE.

A TWO STORY Dwelling-house, hard-finished throughout, comprising a drawing-room, bed-room, kitchen pantry, wash-room and a large hall fifteen by twenty feet on the ground-floor, and four large bed-rooms, with closets, &c., and a hall fifteen by twenty-three feet on the second floor, together with outhouses, &c., complete. Also a large and well kept garden, containing over 100 fruit trees, mostly bearing, and several hundred currant bushes, &c., &c. Also 12 acres of enclosed land, one-half of which is in Timothy. The above property is within five minutes walk of the centre of the City, and may be had for a term of years upon the most liberal terms.

Apply to WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

New Advertisements.

D. Withrow

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Importer

.....AND.....

MANUFACTURER

.....OF, AND.....

DEALER IN

FURNITURE

BEDDING,

WILLOW-WARE,

WINDOW SASHES,

DOORS, &c.

FURNITURE.

Parlor and Bed-room Suits, Tables, Bureaus, Side-boards, Cupboards, Chairs, Sofas, Couches, What-nots, Wash-stands, Mirrors, Hat-racks, Hassocks, &c., &c.

BEDDING.

Hair Mattrasses, Pulu do., Straw do., and Feather beds.

WILLOW WARE,

Baby Carriages, Baby Cradles, Baskets of every size and description, Toys, in great variety.

WINDOWS, DOORS, &C.

This is the only House in the United Colony that imports and keeps on hand an assortment of Window sash, Doors, and Venetian Blinds of Eastern manufacture. Also, on hand, Window glass, Putty, Wall paper, &c., &c.,

MOULDINGS.

In Gilt and Rosewood, for Picture frames, constantly on hand, and Pictures framed with neatness and dispatch.

MUSIC.

Sole Agent for A. McPHAIL & Co's. Grand over-string

PIANOS.

A few superior Instruments now on hand.

All the above Goods being imported direct from the Manufacturers, will be sold at prices which will defy successful competition.

☞ Orders from the up-country are solicited, and will receive special attention.

an31tc D. WITHROW.

New Advertisements.

FRENCH'S

FISH MARKET

Front street, New Westminster.

IN the above Market will always be found in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

☞ Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.

New Westminster, July 5 1864. jy6 tc

CITY BAKERY

CHOP & COFFEE HOUSE

.....AND.....

General Grocery Store!

COLUMBIA STREET.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

The subscriber has completed arrangements for carrying on the above establishment in all its branches, with increased vigor. His numerous customers will continue to be regularly supplied with the best quality of

BREAD

manufactured with the greatest care and cleanliness from the favorite California brands of flour, and at the lowest remunerative prices.

PIES

In every variety and of the most wholesome materials, and

CAKES

Of the most delicious flavour will be constantly kept on hand; while fresh ground

COFFEE, FRESH EGGS & BUTTER

from the favorite Ranches will always be found in stock.

Chops, Steaks, Oysters and Coffee.

served at all hours, and on the shortest notice.

WEDDING CAKES

made in the best style, and Dinner parties supplied on the shortest notice.

TERMS:—Most reasonable, and business conducted on the CASH principle.

N. B. All parties indebted to the subscriber are hereby notified that immediate settlement must be made; and any parties having claims against him will obtain prompt settlement of the same.

JOSEPH SOREL.

New Westminster, Dec. 18, 1867. tc

LUMBER.

THE British Columbia and Vancouver Island Spar, Lumber and Saw-Mill Company, Limited, are prepared to contract for the delivery of Lumber at New Westminster on the following terms:—

Rough lumber $11 [illegible] m.
Planed t. & g. flooring, [illegible]
" Cedar,
" Clear Spruce [illegible]

EDWARD STAMP,
Manager.

no11 1m

PRIZE SALMON.

PUT up in Kits by Duncan McLean, convenient for family use,

For Sale by WM. CLARKSON.

oc26 1m

New Advertisements.

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong train of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity o freight on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freighting to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDY & Co.

Yale, December 9th, 1867 tc

CLINTON HOTEL,

CLINTON CITY,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.

Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.

They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.

CLINTON, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

FOR SALE.

One 12 Horse power Steam Engine and Boiler.

THE COMPLETE

MACHINERY FOR A SAW MILL,

AND A

PLANER,

either together or in Lots.

Apply to

ap6tc H. V. EDMONDS.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that we have this day disposed of all our interest in the Express business known as Dietz & Nelson's British Columbia and Victoria Express, to F. J. BARNARD, of Barnard's Cariboo Express, and beg to solicit for him a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon us for the past five years.

DIETZ & NELSON.

New Westminster, Dec. 2d, 1867. dc7

☞ In reference to the above notice we have to request immediate payment of all sums due us, and any parties having claims against us will oblige us by presenting the same at New Westminster for settlement.

DIETZ & NELSON.

New Westminster, Dec. 6th, 1867.

TO LET.

THE whole or part of the house lately occupied by Mr. Withrow, on the Royal Avenue.

Application to

W. E. CORMACK.

New Westminster, Jany. 21, 1868.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM WOODMAN, DECEASED.

ALL persons having claims against the above Estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st March next; and all persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to pay the same on or before the above date.

fe15 tc T. CUNNINGHAM.

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

THE JOURNAL is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia, is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony.

DAVID SPENCER, in Victoria, and L. P. FISHER, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," 244, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

New Books—G. C. C. Clarkson & Co.

Are you insured?—Cunningham Bros.

Wesleyan Missionary Society.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868.

"A REMARKABLE DIALOGUE."

Under this caption we conclude today the publication of a truly remarkable dialogue presumed to have taken place in the summer of 1858, at Beacon Hill, and published in the *Victoria Gazette* of that time. It has already been intimated that *Anglicus* personified the then Governor of these colonies. The careful reader will have been struck with the vividness with which the policy adopted by Sir Jas. Douglas towards Victoria and the Mainland was delineated in several passages, as well as with the almost prophetic enunciations of *Americus*. The object of making Victoria the port of entry, the *only* port of entry for British Columbia is frankly admitted; and we defy anyone, now the subject has become matter of history, more clearly to define that policy and indicate its effects. In reply to the intimation that probably the same Governor would rule both colonies, that that Governor would be Sir Jas., and that it would be at his option to say what and where the ports of entry would be, *Americus* said:—"Yes, but he would judge what was best for the whole country, and not mould his views to suit the petty exclusiveness of a paltry few at present in existence, who suppose they ought to have all in their own hands!" What a fitting retort, and how very applicable is the language to the policy which has ever been pursued by the people of Victoria towards the rest of the Colony, both Mainland and Island. How long did they refuse to create Nanaimo a port of entry, simply and *avowedly* because it might trench upon the commercial supremacy of their own town? Nor are the admissions made by *Anglicus* less striking, "Now, remove the port of entry and seat of Government, and you at once take away the cause and existence of the present exuberant prosperity and fungoid growth of Victoria."

What an admission! Why, more than this we have never said ourselves. The "fungoid growth of Victoria"! "Fungoid," indeed, as the bitter sequel demonstrates. And then the reply of *Americus* to the policy of forcing up Victoria by extraneous means:—"I think there is a great objection to keeping this the port of entry for three years, viz: that your town will be a forced town, based upon a three years monopoly, and when that period expires, there will be a season of collapse." But, perhaps, one of the most remarkable, because most true, admissions made by *Anglicus* is that with regard to the character of the navigation to this port:—"Ah! I see you are somewhat in the dark, as I was some time ago; most of these difficulties have now vanished, a new channel has been found leading into Fraser river, it is very nearly a straight line and tolerably broad, and what is worse than all, there is fifteen feet of water in it at low water, almost as much as there is at Victoria at high water; as to the other difficulties of Canal de Haro, &c., why a tug-boat will soon overcome them; the distance from Victoria to Fraser river being only about sixty miles—a distance less than vessels are towed on the Thames, but the difficulties themselves will be nothing for steamboats, particularly when the channel is buoyed, as it soon will be." Indeed, the whole dialogue is most interesting and, read in connection with what has now passed into history, sheds a flood of light upon the administrative policy adopted and so

EUROPEAN MAIL SUMMARY.

Our English files are to the 11th January, but are more than ordinarily barren of interest. The *Times* of that date has a leading article, commending the proceedings taken by the Irish Government against the proprietor of the *Irishman* newspaper. In defining what constitutes seditious libels, says: "They are such written attacks on lawful authority as fall short of directly inciting subjects to levy war against the QUEEN—for this might be evidence of treason—yet transgress the limits of temperate criticism of political measures. * * * * To possess the mind of the Irish people with the idea that England is their inveterate enemy, that Parliament has no wish to do them justice, and that our laws, in the enactment of which their representatives have an equal share, are wilfully devised for their oppression, is a seditious libel of a most detestable and malignant kind. * * * Governments like individuals, may afford to pass over false constructions of their motives,—at least if they be not also malicious,—but they cannot afford to pass over gross perversions of fact when employed to sow disaffection among an excitable people."

A correspondent of the *Times*, writing from Naples, under date January 5th says:—

"Vesuvius, so far from diminishing in its attractions becomes more menacing and splendid. For several days after Christmas the thunders of the mountain were so strong as to break the windows in the neighbourhood with the vibration, and the stones which were ejected fell half-way down the cone. You may conceive, therefore, what a height they attained. On the 28th there was a slight diminution in the action of the mountain, and then the shocks began as violent as ever;—the crater full of lava boiled like a caldron, while columns of ashes and crystals of *anfigeno*, so says my daily report, were sent to a great elevation. On Friday last another crater was formed near the Great Cone, and in the the direction of the Hermitage. Out of this has been flowing ever since, a river of liquid lava, offering the most brilliant spectacle. From the two craters issue two curved streams, forming an ellipse, meeting, of course, at the bottom, and pouring down towards Resina. At times the entire interval between the streams is filled with the fiery flood, from the sides of which issue a thousand little rivulets, appearing in the distance like the coruscations of an aurora borealis. Our visitors increase from day to day, attracted by this wonderful spectacle."

A letter from Consul Cameron, the Abyssinian captive, dated "Magdala Prison, Abyssinia, Nov. 5, 1867," and addressed to Emily Beke, wife of Dr. Beke, has been published in the *Times*. In this letter Mr. Cameron, in terms of bitter irony, alludes to the position occupied by Dr. Beke and himself before the British public.

"It was very wrong," he says, "in Dr. Beke to take an interest in the commerce of England, especially the branch to which all Englishmen are so indifferent; I mean the cotton trade; and I suppose I, too, ought to have been above troubling myself about such a subject. As to any prospect of Abyssinia changing masters that was also, it seems, a matter in which I should not have interested myself in the least. Is it not so? But enough of this. I have been ill; but the news that our soldiers are coming seems to have set me all right. I believe I have shot up two inches since the intelligence came. Pray God we may not be disappointed!"

He mentions having written a long letter some months before, which, however, he destroyed, fearing it might fall into the hands of his "Royal protector."

FILIBUSTERS.—A Washington correspondent says:—The project of purchasing Cuba is a serious one. General Banks, who is Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, is willing to give $100,000,000 for Cuba, provided we secure satisfactory terms of payment, and he claims that he has a majority of the House with him. There are not wanting those who insist that the President should take very high grounds in regard to the "Alabama" claims. They have devised a programme which contemplates that we shall make out our bill for the depredations of the Anglo-rebel cruisers, demand prompt payment, and in case of refusal, proceed to indemnify ourselves by seizing British Columbia.

INUNDATIONS IN MANILLA.—Fearful inundations have occurred at Manilla. Over 10,000 Indians have been drown-

THE HORSE AND HIS EATER.—The subjects of Napoleon have sometimes been called "frog-eaters," and we have no doubt that a well-conditioned frog eats very well, although we cannot bear personal testimony to the fact. It is not improbable that the French may be afforded an opportunity of retorting by calling the English "horse eaters." In a late copy of the London *Times* is published a letter, signed "A.S.B." wherein the writer states that he has eaten horse-flesh in the various forms of preparation, and pronounces it quite equal to any other meat. He informs the public that he consumed in soup all the four legs of an eighteen-year old pony, which yielded a stronger *consommé* than the same parts of any other animal commonly used for food; and suggests whether horses would not be more humanely treated if they represented some value in their old age and he concludes with an appeal for assistance in rooting out a national prejudice. To this letter is affixed a certificate, setting forth that the "undersigned" had eaten of the horse-flesh distributed by Mr. Bicknell, which they found in all respects quite equal to any other meat. To this certificate are appended nineteen names, including greengrocers, innkeepers, hairdressers, butchers, cooks, railway conductors, waiters, &c. The letter alluded to appears to be in reply to a correspondent "A.B.", suggesting whether "the boiled leg of a cab-horse with turnips would not prove to be tough fare."

New Advertisements.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received from England direct, by

G. C. Clarkson & Co.

THE LATEST VOLUMES OF

London Society,	Sunday Magazine,
London Journal,	Good Words,
Leasure Hours,	Cassel's Magazine,

&c., &c., &c.

fy22tc

Are You Insured?

If not, apply to

CUNNINGHAM Bros.

fy22tc

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

THE Anniversary Services of the New Westminster Branch of this Association will be held in the Mary Street Church, to-morrow, (Feb. 23) A Missionary Sermon will be preached in the morning, and addresses will be given in the evening by the Pastor, Rev. E. White, and several lay gentlemen. fy22 1t

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

J. WHITFIELD, the old Cariboo Pioneer, wishes to inform the public of New Westminster and vicinity, that he has purchased the Stock in Trade of the late W. Woodman, of Columbia street, New Westminster, where he will carry on the Boot and Shoe business in all its branches.

He also wishes to inform his friends in Cariboo that all orders from them will be punctually attended to and forwarded through Barnard's Express.

Particular attention will be paid to Job work.

Gum Boots, if repaired by him, will be guaranteed waterproof.

fe15tc

CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

G. C. CLARKSON & Co. beg to inform the reading public that they have started, in connection with their business, a Circulating Library, to which they add new Books by every steamer.

New Advertisements.

SCOTCH HOUSE,

VICTORIA,

A. McLEAN & CO.,

GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

IMPORT Clothing direct from the best English and Scotch Markets, and sell retail at wholesale prices for Cash.

CLOTHS, HOSIERY, Linen and Paper COLLARS.

OVER COATS. INVERNESS CAPES. COATS.

BEAVER COATS, Tweed, Pilot, Doe and Whitney PANTS.

BOYS' CLOTHING

UNDERCLOTHING

SUITS. BALTIC & WHITE SHIRTS, BOOTS, SHOES, &C.

Received by last steamer a large addition to their former well-selected Stock, Fort St.

fy22 tc

CITY BAKERY

CHOP & COFFEE HOUSE

.....AND.....

General Grocery Store!

COLUMBIA STREET.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

The subscriber has completed arrangements for carrying on the above establishment in all its branches, with increased vigor. His numerous customers will continue to be regularly supplied with the best quality of

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In every variety and of the most wholesome materials, and

CAKES

Of the most delicious flavour will be constantly kept on hand; while fresh ground

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JOSEPH SOREL.

New Westminster, Dec. 18, 1867. tc

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DIETZ & NELSON.

New Westminster, Dec. 2d, 1867. dc7

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DIETZ & NELSON.

New Westminster, Dec. 6th, 1867.

TO LET.

THE whole or part of the house lately occupied by Mr. Withrow, on the Royal Avenue.

Application to

W. E. CORMACK.

New Advertisements.

AYER'S

MEDICINES.

THE peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of *Sarsaparilla* in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of *Sarsaparilla*, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., *Practical and Analytical Chemists*, Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

FRENCH'S

FISH MARKET

Front street, New Westminster.

IN the above Market will always be found in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

☞ Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.

New Advertisements.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review,	(Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review,	(Whig.)
The Westminster Review,	(Radical.)
The North British Review,	(Free-Church.)
.....AND.....	
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine,	(Tory.)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews	$4 00	per annum
For any two of the Reviews	7 00	.....
For any three of the Reviews	10 00	.....
For all four of the Reviews	12 00	.....
For Blackwood's Magazine	4 00	.....
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00	.....
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews	10 00	.....
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13 00	.....
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15 00	.....

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should prepay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The POSTAGE to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers, by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $4 50 a year for each or any Review; also, *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for $2 50 a year, or the two years together for $4 00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,

140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $5 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $6.

fy18 1868. 1y

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM WOODMAN, DECEASED.

ALL persons having claims against the above Estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st March next; and all persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to pay the same on or before the above date.

fe15 1d T. CUNNINGHAM.

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong train of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity of freight on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freighting to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDY & Co.

Yale, December 9th, 1867 tc

CLINTON HOTEL,

CLINTON CITY,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.

Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.

They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.

CLINTON, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

NOTICE.

AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & CO. are not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or for unavoidable detention caused by breakage of bridges, road-slides, or any other contingency beyond their control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

J. C. BEEDY & CO.

Yale, B. C. Dec. 3d, 1867. 1y

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868.

CONFEDERATION.

We have been accused of recently assuming an attitude hostile to Confederation. This is a mistake. We give way to no man in a sincere desire to see this our adopted Colony included in the Confederation as soon as that most-ardently-to-be-desired change can be consummated with mutual advantage. Sooner than that we do not wish for it. Depend upon it Canada won't take us in to her own disadvantage; and no true patriot would wish to humiliate British Columbia by accepting disadvantageous and degrading terms. No. We have not assumed a hostile attitude; but have simply been trying to look the difficulties fair and square in the face, and promote a free and honest discussion of a measure which it is most desirable all should understand. There are, we fear, those engaged in the advocacy of immediate admission who trouble themselves but little as to either terms or possible results, men who are ever clamouring for political change without much regard to ultimate consequences. Of such we would warn our fellow colonists to beware. It will be remembered how Dr. Helmcken, Mr. DeCosmos and other Island members joined with the Member for New Westminster last Session in placing a high duty upon farm and dairy produce, as well as upon certain manufactures in order to protect and build up these interests within the Colony. How would these interests be affected by the Dominion Tariff? How would 4cts. per lb, duty upon butter, 3cts., upon cheese, 1ct. upon tallow and lard, 25cts per barrel upon flour and meal, 10cts. per bushel upon all kinds of grain, except wheat which is to be free, 1ct. upon meats fresh, salt and smoked, how, we ask, would such rates as these operate upon the agricultural interests of the lower country? Or how would it affect these interests, should all the products of the water, forest and soil be admitted free? These are points which it becomes us to look honestly at, and not to ignore with a flippancy ill befitting so grave a subject. Would the Dominion Tariff be suited to the *present* circumstances, and conducive to the best interests of British Columbia? It is not impossible that we might be admitted, as a Territory, upon special terms which would prevent the application of the Canadian Tariff on this side of the Rocky Mountains, and which would, at the same time meet other obstacles in the way. We sincerely hope it may be so; but, in the absence of any provision in the Imperial Act, we could hardly venture to expect it. If, however the enthusiastic Confederationists of Victoria can show us any way by which this Colony is likely to gain immediate admission upon advantageous terms we shall be delighted; but we must protest against this Colony being led into taking a "leap in the dark" by a few excitable and not over discreet politicians.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.—It will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere that our Wesleyan friends will hold their Missionary Anniversary Services in the Mary Street Church to-morrow. To hold all these services on the Sabbath may appear novel to some; yet we are unable to understand why a Missionary Meeting should not be a most fitting one for the Lord's Day. The services will be free to all, and will doubtless be highly interesting.

A GRIEVANCE.—The Enterprise left for Victoria suddenly on Wednesday, about 4 o'clock p.m., and that after having been announced to sail on Thursday morning! Thus an English mail was closed many hours earlier than was expected, and without the slightest warning. It is earnestly to be hoped that some measures will be adopted for guarding against the recurrence of such a thing

DEPARTURES.—Amongst the passengers who left by the str. Enterprise, on Wednesday, were Mr. Westgarth and Mr. Wodisey, late of the Lands and Works Office. The latter gentleman is going home to Quebec. He entered the service in 1859.

CANADIAN MAIL SUMMARY.

Our Canadian files bring us down to the 17th January. The Legislature of the Province of Ontario was opened on the 27th Dec. Mr. John Stevenson, member for Lennox, was elected Speaker. On the 28th, His Excellency Lieut. Governor Stisted delivered his speech. The most prominent recommendation it contained was "the enactment of a liberal Homestead Law, with a free grant of land to *bona fide* settlers." He ventured to hope that the New Dominion would ere long extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and be the home of a vast multitude of thriving and contented subjects of the British Crown." The Legislature of the Province of Quebec was opened simultaneously with that of Ontario. Col Blanchet was elected Speaker. His Excellency Lieut. Governor Belleau proceeded to the House in state, in a carriage drawn by four beautiful bay horses, amid the booming of cannon announcing the opening of the first Provincial Legislature. His Excellency was accompanied by a brilliant staff. His speech was unmarked by any peculiar interest. A Canadian by birth, he expressed the peculiar pleasure he felt in welcoming to the ancient city of Quebec the first Provincial Legislature. In the Ontario Legislature Sir Henry Smith had introduced a bill to amend the law of evidence, with a view to allowing plaintiff and defendant to be witnesses in their own case, as in England. The measure was opposed by the Premier, J. S. McDonald, on the ground that it would promote perjury. This view of the case was strongly censured by Mr. Blake, who claimed that the people of Ontario were not more likely to abuse such a law than were the people of England. The New Tariff of Customs for the Dominion imposes a duty of 70cts. a gallon on spirits; 7cts. a gallon on beer and 10cts on wines, containing not over 26 degrees of proof spirits. The following are the rates on farm and dairy produce:—Butter, 4cts ℔ lb; cheese, 3cts; lard and tallow, 1ct; flour and meal, 25cts ℔ bbl; Indian corn and grain of all kinds, except wheat, 10cts ℔ bushel; meats, fresh, salt or smoked, 1ct ℔ lb. It further provides for the free admission, under regulations and directions to be prescribed by the Minister of Customs, or under a reciprocity treaty with the United States, of the following amongst other articles, being the growth and produce of one or either of the countries concerned:—Grain, flour and breadstuffs of all kinds, animals of all kinds, fresh, smoked and salted meats, seeds, green and dried fruits, fish of all kinds, products of fish and of all other creatures living in water, poultry, butter, cheese, lard, tallow. The Hon. A. J. Fergusson-Blair, President of the Privy Council of the Dominion, died suddenly on the night of the 29th Dec., of inflammation of the lungs. He had been indisposed for some days, but did not think his illness serious. Having dined at the Club as usual, he retired to bed and was engaged in reading when taken seriously ill, and before medical aid could be procured he was a corpse. He was born at Balthayock, Scotland, to which estate he succeeded upon assuming the name of Blair. He was a son of the late Hon. Adam Fergusson, for many years a prominent member of the Whig party in Scotland, and, later, of the Reform party of Upper Canada, and who died in 1862, and was lenially descended from Alexanander de Blair, who, according to Burke, lived in the reigns of William the Lion, and his son, Alexander II., of Scotland. He died in his fifty-third year. The Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee has, for several reasons, declined invitations to lecture publicly on Temperance. The chief reason is that he thinks he could not with propriety lecture upon the subject until after a "full and fair trial" in his own case. Soup kitchens have been established in the City of Montreal. The disposition of the $500,000 of spare revenue to the credit of Ontario elicited a warm discussion in the Legislature. The Government measure was to invest in Dominion bonds, the opposition favoring deposit in the banks of the Province. The Government succeeded in carrying the measure by a large majority. The idea was entertained by some that the dissatisfaction expressed would cause the Queen to make Cartier and Galt, Knights as well as McDonald. An end has been put to such expectations by the substitution of a new article in the London *Gazette*, in which the names of Cartier and Galt do not appear. It will be recollected that these gentlemen declined the inferior titles

DEATH OF M. CLAUDET.—By the last English mail was received the sad intelligence of the very sudden and unexpected death of M. Claudet, father of F. G. Claudet, Esq., Superintendent of the Government Assay Department of this Colony. We clip the following obituary notice from the London *Dispatch* of 5th January:—M. Claudet, the eminent photographer, of Regent-street, died very suddenly at his residence in Gloucester-road, Regent's-park, on the 27th ult. M. Claudet, although in his 71st year, was a man of extraordinary activity both of mind and body, and was a most devoted and enthusiastic labourer in the paths of science. His connection with photography was almost as old as the art itself, and he first introduced into this country the old Daguerreotype process, which was invented in the year 1839 simultaneously with the Talbotype. He was likewise the inventor of several instruments, and made various useful discoveries in connection with the art. M. Claudet was also, in 1850, the inventor of a machine for cutting glass, for which he was awarded a medal by the Society of Arts. In the Great Exhibition of 1851 he obtained the Council Medal, and both in this country and on the Continent he was always found in the front rank of competitors. He possessed an extensive circle of scientific and artistic friends, and was for nearly twenty years a constant attendant at the meetings of the British Association, to which he contributed many valuable papers. He was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in the year 1853, and as recently as 1865 was decorated a Chevalier of the Legion of Honour.

NEW ZEALAND.—Sir George Grey, Governor of New Zealand, had received a despatch from the Duke of Buckinghain and Chandos, dated Aug. 27th and acquainting him of the appointment of his successor, Sir G. Bowen, Governor of Queensland. It is stated that while local feeling demanded a change, it condemns the very summary manner in which Sir George Grey has been treated, after four-and-twenty years' service. It was also matter of regret that the change should have happened just at the time H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh was expected, and to whom the colonists were most desirous of extending a grand reception. It was expected that the new Governor would be installed some time in Dec., and it was stated that, in consequence of letters received from him, Sir George Grey would sail for England on the 8th of Nov. It appears that the retiring Governor has not so much as been informed by the Secretary of State whether he is simply relieved through effluxion of time, or whether he is to return in disgrace. His Excellency had given assent to an act to authorize a loan of £7,000,000, sterling, for the purpose of converting and consolidating the public debt of the colony. The affairs of the colony were not very prosperous, but a brisk spring trade was anticipated.

A CAUTION!—Scarcely an Eastern mail arrives without bringing one or more letters containing inquiries respecting relatives who have shamefully neglected to correspond with those they have left behind. Unless people behave better in this respect we shall have to publish a list of delinquents. So, look out!

LIVE STOCK IN ONTARIO.—The value of cattle, sheep, horses and swine in the Province of Ontario, in 1867, was, in round figures, sixty millions of dollars. This was according to the value put on by the assessors, and which is always considered to be considerably below the actual value.

FOR CARIBOO.—Barnard's Express started out for Cariboo on Friday carrying a large mail and also a very large amount of express matter.

A GREAT WORK.—We have before us a copy of the forty-second annual Report of the Missionary Society of the Wesleyan Methodist Church of Canada, from which it appears that the amount raised by that influential body, during the year ending last June, for Missionary purposes was $70,558.

VERY LIKE ROMANCE.—A New York paper asserts that Maximilian is still alive, pining in a Mexican dungeon; and that the body sent to Europe was that of a brigand, substituted by Juarez.

MAMMOTH CANADIAN CHEESE.—A mammoth cheese, from the Ingersoll cheese-factory, was on exhibition in Liverpool. It weighed over 3 tons, and took 35 tons of milk.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Liver, Lungs and Kidneys.—A large number of internal maladies arise from obstructions, over the removal of which these celebrated Pills exercise the most perfect control. A course of them is strongly recommended for almost all chronic affections—as liver complaint, congestion of the lungs, torpidity of the kidneys, and other functional disorders which cause much present suffering, and if neglected lay the foundations of incurable diseases. Holloways Pills are especially adapted for the young and delicate; their gentle and purifying action places them above all other medicines. In indigestion, nervous affections, gout and rheumatism, these Pills have raised for themselves an universal fame. They expel all impurities from the blood, and thus restore cheerfulness and vigor.

SOMETHING NEW.—The well known Publishing House of Harper & Bros. New York have commenced publishing a Weekly Paper of FASHIONS called *Harper's Bazaar*. It is the best thing in the Fashion line yet issued. Each number contains six pages of Plates, besides a sheet of Patterns and ten pages of reading matter. The first four numbers can be seen at G. C Clarkson & Co.'s Bookstore, where subscriptions are solicited. Price per year $7,50, per half-year, $4,00, to up country subscribers $8,50 per year and $4,50 per half year, postage paid.

WE did not believe in "cure alls" until we tried AYER'S inimitable PILLS, and now we think the whole secret lies in the fact, that purgatives are the natural remedy for disease, and Dr. Ayer has made the best of purgatives. They cure all our complaints. —Logan, (O.) *Press*.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

New Advertisements.

REDUCTION,

IN

Express Rate.

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

The rate of charges on letters by Express between New Westminster and Victoria is reduced to 12½ CENTS.

F. J. BARNARD.

New Westminster, B. C.
January 4th, 1868.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Grelley & Arnaud

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

BILLLIARD SALOON,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES,	LIQUORS,
ALES,	PORTER,
BRANDIES,	RUM,
CIDER,	SYRUPS,
CORDIALS,	BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, in case

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

HAVANA, MANILLA and CHEROOTS.

New Westminster, June 12 1867 je12 tc

TO LEASE.

THE premises on the corner of Columbia and Mary streets, recently occupied by T. Stodard, consisting of a painted dwelling and carpenter's shop.

Terms easy.

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

New Advertisements.

Almanacs.

London Illust'd	75c. ea.
Bow Bells	37½ "
Zadkeils	25 "
Atlantic	75 "
Canada Year Book	37½ "

LETT'S OFFICE DIARIES 1868

THE

BRITISH PERIODICALS

ARE supplied by the subscribers, POST PAID, to any post office in the Colony, at PUBLISHERS' PRICES, which can be seen in another column.

G. C. CLARKSON, & Co.
New Westminster.

GERMAN

CONCERTINAS

LARGE AND SMALL,

Of beautiful tone, just received, and for sale

CHEAP,

G. C. CLARKSON & Co.

jy22 tc

DIARIES

FOR

1868,

FOR SALE AT

G. C. CLARKSON & Co's.

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FRUITS,

AND

Vegetables.

All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

COLUMBIA STREET

NEW WESTMINSTER.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS

JUST RECEIVED

AND

FOR SALE,

FRESH GROWN

COLONIAL AND

CALIFORNIA

GARDEN & FIELD

SEEDS,

at G. R. ASHWELL'S.

Fe15 2m Front Street.

New Advertisements.

S.T-1860-X.

A great French Physician says: "More than half the disease in the world comes from neglect to fortify the system against changes of climate, weather and food. The great secret of health is to keep the condition of the Stomach and Blood regular and uniform, so that changes from Heat to Cold, from Dry to Damp, etc., cannot upset the machinery of the Body, and breed disease."

Now, it is a fact, positive and well known, that there is no such bulwark and assistant for the Stomach as

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This splendid Tonic is now used by all classes of people for every symptom of a "Stomach out of order."

The secret of it is this: Plantation Bitters are certain to correct the juices of the Stomach, set all its machinery at work, and enable it to resist and throw off the approaching danger. The tendency of the operations of Nature is always towards a cure; all she needs is a little assistance at the proper time. How much more reasonable and sensible it is to help her along with a gentle yet powerful Tonic, than to deluge and weaken and defeat her curative processes with poisonous drugs and fiery mixtures which only stupify and plant the seeds of disease and death.

Important Certificates.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Phil., Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted Nature's great restorer.

The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the PLANTATION BITTERS be departed from.

Every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Any person pretending to sell PLANTATION BITTERS *in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and imposter. Beware of refilled bottles. See that our Private Stamp is* UNMUTILATED *over every cork.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the world.

P. H. Drake & Co., NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETORS.
Redington & Co., 416 and 418 Front St. San Francisco,
Agents for California and Nevada.

FLEAS.

LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER is sure and certain death to everything of the Insect species—Fleas, Roaches, Mosquitos, Ants, Bugs.

IT KILLS INSTANTLY.

What is peculiarly surprising in regard to this article is, that notwithstanding its instant death to insects, it is perfectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals. It can be inhaled or eaten with impunity. It bears the testimony of eminent disinterested chemists that it is

FREE FROM POISON.

No article has ever given such posivive satisfaction in its use.

Its reputation is well known. It is easily and readily used—Directions accompany each flask. Beware of counterfeits.

The genuine has the signature of E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and dealers on Pacific Coast.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

It is an admitted fact that the Mexican Mustang Liniment performs more cures in shorter time, on man and beast, than any article ever discovered.

No compound has ever been invented so useful and efficacious in curing

RHEUMATISM, STIFF & WEAK JOINTS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, SORE THROAT, BURNS, EAR ACHE, FRESH CUTS OR WOUNDS, SWELLINGS,

Or any other complaints requiring external application.

FOR HORSES,

It is an indispensable and valuable remedy in all cases of Spavin, Splint, Ring-bone, Wind-galls, Bruises, Strains, &c.

It should be kept in every house, camp and stable. Accidents will occur. Promptness is efficacy.

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. Stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. over the top.

An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. LOOK CLOSELY!

Sold by all Druggists and Stores in every town and mining camp on the Pacific coast.

jy8 1y

JAMES ELLARD,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Flour, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Tinware, Farm Produce, Fruit, Nails, Glass, Rope, Fancy Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

COFFEE MANUFACTURER,

FRONT STREET

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

FOR

GOOD AND CHEAP

CHRISTMAS CAKES,

PIES

.....AND.....

CONFECTIONERY!

Go to the

CITY BAKERY.

JOSEPH SOREL.

dc18

HENRY V. EDMONDS

AUCTIONEER, SCRIVENER,

COMMISSION,

General and Real-Estate Agent,

OFFICE—Columbia street, near the Custom House. m7tc

CHAMPAGNE,

NAPOLEON'S CABINET

.....AND.....

BOUCHE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED

Messrs. Grelley & Fiterre

OF VICTORIA,

Our Sole Agents

For Vancouver Island and British Columbia, of our above named Wines.

BOUCHE, FILS & CO.
at Mareuil-sur Ay,
Champagne, France.

se22

FOR SALE.

AN excellent Farm on the Pitt River Road, within 2½ miles of the city, comprising 50 acres of excellent prairie land, covered with good grass.

Terms most liberal. For particulars apply

WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 31st 1867. ju1tc

YALE

COLONIAL HOTEL!!!

.....AND.....

RESTAURANT!

PIERRE & LATREMOUILLERE,

PROPRIETORS.

THE above New and First Class Hotel, situated nearly opposite the steamboat landing, in the town of Yale, B. C., is now open for the accommodation of the public, and having been fitted up with great care, is provided with every accommodation for the comfort of its guests. In the

Restaurant Department

The Cooking will be found of *rare excellence*, and the table supplied to suit the most fastidious taste. The

Sleeping Departments

Are neat, comfortable and commodious, and the accommodation for private families excellent.

THE BAR

Is stocked with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The whole establishment being under the special management and superintendence of the proprietors, guests may rely upon being treated with every care and attention.

Yale, B. C., July 28, 1866. jy28

JUST RECEIVED!

.....A.....

NEW STOCK

.....OF.....

LYON'S

CALIFORNIA

ALE.

W. H. SUTTON,
Agent for British Columbia.

jy31 4m

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin disease will be speedily overcome. It acts not by repression, but repulsion. It enters the system as salt enters meat, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humours, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are so prepared as to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsey.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. The cures have been so remarkable, speedy and numerous, that these often fatal diseases are more easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In these complaints, the Ointment almost acts like a charm, providing it is very effectually rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, which it will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this marvellous unguent have never failed. Any old sore, wound or ulcer always yields to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fevers, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy.

The last named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always severe, and ever go from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's unrivalled Ointment and Pills the dropsical patient will ever find succour; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation and absorbent system, that the dropsical fluid vanishes, and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and this perseveringly done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; eschew the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the virulence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts twice or thrice a day, keeping them covered with linen rag spread with the same.

The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carriage the Pills should be obtained in the neighbourhood of the sufferer, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs,	Chapped hands,	Scalds,
Bad Breasts,	Contracted and	Sore Nipples,
Burns,	Stiff Joints,	Sore-throats,
Bunions,	Elephantiasis,	Skin-diseases,
Bite of Mosquitoes	Fistulas,	Scurvy,
and Sand-flies,	Gout,	Sore-heads,
Coco-bay,	Glandular Swellings,	Tumors,
Chiligo-foot,	Lumbago,	Ulcers,
Corns (soft),	Piles,	Wounds,
Cancers,	Rheumatism,	Yaws.
Chilblains,		

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 4½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. deo1y

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To all whom it may concern.

THE undersigned, in charge of the School at Langley, will be prepared to take a limited number of boarding Scholars, on and after the First of April next. The Terms will be Fifteen Dollars monthly in advance, which will pay for Board, Washing and Tuition; but Books, Bed, Bedding, and whatever Toilet necessaries, must be furnished by the pupil. Every attention will be paid to the Intellectual, Moral and Physical advancement of those who may be entrusted to our care.

JAMES KENNEDY.

Langley, B. C., January 25, 1868. tc

TO LEASE.

THE premises on the corner of Columbia and Mary streets, recently occupied by T. Stodard, consisting of a paint-shop, dwelling and carpenter's shop.

Terms easy.

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

FOR SALE.

SIXTY-FOUR acres of excellent land situate on the South bank of the Fraser River, nearly opposite the Camp One-half of this land is open prairie, quite above high water mark, and covered with good grass.

☞ Terms very tempting.

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

A. W. PIPER,

CONFECTIONER,

Government Street, Victoria,

B. C.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES,

TARIFF OR NO TARIFF!

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.

Victoria, March 23d 1867. tc

PRINTING

.....FOR THE.....

MILLION.

POSTERS,

CIRCULARS,

BILL-HEADS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

STEAMBOAT TICKETS,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

PAMPHLETS,

SHOW CARDS,

LABELS,

and PRINTED FORMS

Of every discription, executed in a manner

That will defy competition.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD use printed Billheads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

EVERY KEEPER OF PUBLIC HOUSE should have printed cards for distribution amongst the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, &c.

EVERY STEAMBOAT OWNER, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER!

.....WHERE.....

ENTIRE SATISEACTION

IS GUARANTEED.

THE PROPRIETOR would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to the

PRINTING PLANT

.....OF THE.....

BRITISH COLUMBIAN NEWSPAPER,

He is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description of

PLAIN

.....AND.....

ORNAMENTAL

BOOK & JOB

PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON,

Proprietor.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL,

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SEXAY, . PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS	$1 00
BEDS	75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day	3 50
do do per week	15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments,

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Rooms for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

If you want pure ALE
That is not stale,

DRINK

BUNSTER

AGENT, H. HOGAN.

ma23 2m

MURDER!

REWARD!!

Oh! what a Slaughter!!!

DALZIEL & BRIGHOUSE

HAVE COMMENCED

KILLING 40,000

Pounds of PORK that never saw fish—beautiful Dairy-fed pork, white as a chicken and sweet as a sugar-plum.

Heads, Feet, Plucks, Lard, Tails, Ears for sale cheap, very cheap.

The Bacon and Hams are too good to sell.

Apply immediately if you want a choice and fresh article at a price to suit the times.

Now's the time for

"PIGS' TROTTERS."

☞ A Reward of

$10,000

will be paid to any person who can detect the taste or smell of fish upon the meat.

New Westminster, January 14th 8981 tc

NOTICE.

AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & CO. are not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or for unavoidable detention caused by breakage of bridges, road-slides, or any other contingency beyond their control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

J. C. BEEDY & CO.

Yale, B. C. Dec. 3d, 1867. 1y

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THAT property known as Woodcock's Wharf and Mills, consisting of Two Buildings fronting on Richard street, a wharf 66x200ft., upon which are built warehouses, freight-sheds and a "piggery" capable of containing 200 hogs.

This property enjoys a free water-privilege with sufficient depth for shipping to lie alongside the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be sold or leased upon the most reasonable terms.

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

Ayer's

SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had, as afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome *humor* in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Savin, Houston-St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Sloat, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Vih Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S

CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VICTORIA, V. I., B. C.

PROPRIETOR,

E. G. HOLDEN.

This spacious fire-proof Family Hotel has Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, furnished with every desirable requisite for comfort and accommodation.

The Bar and Dining-Room are conducted in first-class style.

TERMS MODERATE

fe9 tc

ADVICE GRATIS!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

To Purify the Blood.

These Pills have been placed by the common consent of mankind at the head of all remedies for removing obnoxious poisons from the blood, and cleansing all the tissues of the body. They have saved thousands year after year from falling a sacrifice to the effects of dyspepsia, dysentery, diarrhœa, constipation, liver complaints, &c., as fast attested by myriads of witnesses. Excessive weakness and debility, the warnings of decreasing organic energy and vital decay, are restored and reanimated with vigor and healthful action in every organ throughout the system, by the restorative and exhilirating influence of this medicine.

Female Complaints.

All disorders of the sex, and diseases in every crisis peculiar to the life and health of woman, youthful or aged, married or single, may be radically and quickly cured with no risk or trouble, by a few doses of these Pills, taken according to the printed directions.

Indigestion with languor and want of energy.

When taking these Pills, rub Holloway's celebrated Ointment over the pit of the stomach, and over the regions of the liver, on the right side under the ribs, and you will at once experience a change for the better in your digestion, spirits, appetite, strength, and energy. The improvement, though it may be gradual, will be thorough and lasting.

DROPSY.

The efficacy of Holloway's Pills in dropsy is extraordinary. They act with such peculiar effect upon the system, that the fluids arising from this direful disease are imperceptibly carried off and prevented from any further accumulation. The sufferer regains a buoyancy of spirits and enjoyment in a completely renovated constitution; but it is indispensably necessary that the Ointment should be most diligently rubbed into the complaining parts.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.

Those who suffer from bile and liver complaints, should try the effects of this valuable remedy, a few doses of which will make the sufferer feel elastic and vigorous, removing all impurities, giving a healthy action to the liver; if bilious attacks be allowed to continue, serious casualties may arise, and the sufferer be consigned to a bed of sickness. In all disorders of the kidneys, the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back, once or twice a day; and the Pills taken in unison, will cure any complaint arising from these organs.

Puffy,—Shortness of Breath with Weakness.

Very bad symptoms, which if not corrected, may tend to some serious disorders of the heart, or other vital organs. Eat moderately of solids, take six Pills nightly for some little time; take plenty of fresh air with moderate exercise, and the human machinery will be quickly restored to health and vigor. Try this but for three days only, and the result will be marvellous.

Complaints incident to Children.

All complaints of children may soon be cured if care be taken to purify their blood, correct the action of the liver, and cleanse the stomach and bowels: a few doses of these famous Pills will immediately have the desired effect, particularly if parents be careful in not allowing them to eat of things which they know would be injurious to themselves.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Scrofula, or King's Evil.
Asthma,	Fevers of all kinds,	Sore Throats,
Bilious Complaints,	Gout,	Stone and Gravel,
Blotches on the Skin,	Head-ache,	Secondary Symptoms,
Bowel Complaints,	Indigestion,	Tic Douloreaux,
Colics,	Inflammation,	Tumours,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Jaundice,	Ulcers,
Consumption,	Liver Complaints,	Venereal Affections,
Debility,	Lumbago,	Worms of all kinds.
Dropsy,	Piles,	Weakness from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Dysentery,	Rheumatism,	
Erysipelas,	Retention of Urine,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 22s., and 33s., each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between JAMES WISE and ALEXANDER EWEN, as Fishmongers, under the name of JAMES WISE & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of December, 1867.

The business will be carried on by James Wise, who will receive all debts owing to the Firm, and pay all liabilities against the same. All parties indebted to the late Firm are requested to pay on or before the 1st day of January, 1868, otherwise their accounts will be handed into Court for collection.

JAMES WISE,
ALEX. EWEN.

Witness, WM. EDWARDS.

New Westminster, Dec. 13th, 1868. 1m

DISSOLUTION OF

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the Firm name of URIAH NELSON & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

URIAH NELSON,
OTIS PARSONS.

oc58t

BURRARD INLET

STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a daily line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet.

The Stages will start from the

ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY MORNING,

.....AT.....

TEN O'CLOCK,

Returning the same day, leaving Brighton at 3 o'clock, p. m.

FARE, $1 EACH WAY.

oc12 tc W. R. LEWIS.